אנגלית, חורף תשפ״ב, מס׳ 016381, גרסה א׳

PART I: WRITTEN RECEPTION (70 points) (ACCESS TO INFORMATION FROM WRITTEN TEXTS)

الفصل الأوّل: فهم المقروء (70 درجة) اقرأ القطعة التي أمامك، وأجب عن الأسئلة 1-7 التي تليها. פרק ראשון: הבנת הנקרא (70 נקודות) קרא את הקטע שלפניך, וענה על השאלות 1–7 שאחריו.

Read the text below and then answer questions 1-7.

SWEDEN'S SWEET DAY

Ι People in Sweden really love different kinds of candy and other sweets. Almost every shop sells candies. Even furniture stores sell them. In the 1980s, stores offering lots of colorful candies in large, open boxes became popular in Sweden.

- 5 Why are Swedish people so crazy about sweets? Swedish food Π expert Elsa Larson explains that they love candies so much because of their long, dark winters. "In Sweden, there are 22 days every winter without any sun at all. During those dark days, we need lots of sweet, colorful candies to help us feel happier," she says.
- 10 III Swedish people love and need their candies so much that they started a new tradition. They call it "Sweet Day". Every Sunday, whole families shop for candies together. At the store, everyone chooses their

favorite sweets and puts them in a big family bag. Then they return home and enjoy their candies together with their family and friends.

- 15 IV However, Olaf Hansen, professor of Swedish history, gives a different explanation for the "Sweet Day" tradition. Many years ago, the Swedish government wanted to improve the health of everyone's teeth, especially children's teeth. It advised parents not to let children have candies during the week. So parents allowed children to have candies only on Sundays. Later, special candy stores that sell only colorful sweets appeared in Sweden and soon became popular in many places.
- 20 V Did Sweet Day work? People's teeth really improved but Professor Hansen says that it happened for other reasons. "The first reason is that doctors have new ways to take care of people's teeth. Also, today people everywhere want to have less sugar in their food. They know that too much sugar is not healthy in general, and not only for their teeth!" It is interesting to learn that although Swedish people love candy and have their Sweet Day, they eat less candy than people in Germany, Holland or

25 the USA.

עמוד 4



Candies in open boxes by Ehud Maimon

/המשך בעמוד 5/

مرابسم توم يرادانه المدينة المعادم المرابع ورقة قد يؤدّي إلى إلغاء الامتحان

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QUESTIONS (70 points)

Answer questions 1–7 in <u>English</u> according to the text. In questions 1 and 7, circle the number of the correct answer. In the other questions, follow the instructions.

- **1.** What do we learn in paragraph I?
 - i) Who makes the colorful candies in Sweden.
 - ii) Where you can buy candies in Sweden.
 - iii) Which candy is the most popular in Sweden.

- **4.** What do the Swedish families do on Sweet Day? Write <u>ONE</u> answer from paragraph III. ANSWER:

(8 points)

(7 points)

(8 points)

5

עמוד 5

/המשך בעמוד 6/

תלישת דף עלולה להביא לפסילת הבחינה نزع ورقة قد يؤدّي إلى إلغاء الامتحان 6 🚺 🚺 🚺 📲

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5. PUT A $\sqrt{}$ BY THE **<u>TWO</u>** CORRECT ANSWERS.

Olaf Hansen says the "Sweet Day" tradition started because (-). (paragraph IV)

- i) candy shops did not sell candy during the week
- ii) people wanted to buy only colorful candy on Sundays
- iii) the government wanted children to have healthier teeth
- iv) Sweden's candy stores were very popular
- v) parents wanted their kids to enjoy sweets only one day a week

(2×7=14 points)

6. What are the <u>TWO</u> reasons people's teeth improved according to paragraph V?
(1)
(2)

(2×9=18 points)

- 7. What does the writer tell us about Germany? (paragraph V)
 - i) People in Germany eat more candy than Swedish people.
 - ii) Germany also has a Sweet Day.
 - iii) Candy stores in Germany sell candies made in Sweden.

(7 points)

/המשך בעמוד 7/